# Taxonomy and Phylogenetics of Alaskan *Aegialites* Beetles

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## **Introduction and Rationale**

- Coleoptera: Salpingidae: Aegialitinae
- Northern Pacific distribution
- Found in intertidal rock crevices
- Very habitat specific
- Lack wings





## **Introduction and Rationale**

- "All species of the genus are local endemics" (Zerche 2004)
  - No species known from more than one location
- Over-splitting?
  - Described species based on male genitalia
  - Slide mounted genitalia preparations not consistently aligned
- Under-sampling error?
  - Rarely collected
  - 414 specimens examined



Abb.76-79, Arguidites spp., Tegmen, apikaler Teil. – 76. A saintpaulenis n. rp., Paratypus. 77. A. beringenzis u. sp., Holotypus. 78. A. stejneger lopotypus. 79. A. shumubuenzis n. sp., Holotypus. – Maßistab: 0,1 non.

- Only 4 Alaskan populations examined and described
- May have missed populations of the same species occurring nearby



Abb.1. Verbreitung der Gattung Aegialites. - Breite des Kartenausschnitts ca. 10.900 km.

## **Goals and Questions**

- Test Zerche's hypothesis
- Explore genetic and morphological diversity in *Aegialites* 
  - How much variation exists
    - Within species?
    - Among species?



Aegialites sp. larva

## **Goals and Questions**

#### Three Objectives:

- Population structure in Aegialites debilis from Sitka
  - Variation between populations of the same species
  - Indirect measure of gene flow and dispersal ability
- 2. A. saintpaulensis and A. saintgeorgensis
  - Variation between species
- 3. Describe the new species of Kasatochi Island
  - Determine whether or not it persists on nearby Aleutain islands post-eruption
  - Likely extinct if found to be unique

No clearly different but closely
related species of *Aegialites* have
been compared using DNA
The 2 Pribilof endemics
provide us this opportunity

Saint George Island

Eve ali

Saint Paul Island

Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO

Image © 2012 TerraMetrics

lat 58.117643° ion -170.830324° elev -216 ft

## Field Work

 Search Aegialites habitat

 tall mid to upper tide rocks with crevices
 with Verrucaria lichen
 Without terrestrial plants













## Zerche's morphological diagnostics

- A. saintgeorgensis
  - much finer punctures of the head
  - wavy elytra with four flat transverse ridges
  - sensilla of sternite 6 and 7 are not much longer than the sensilla of sternites 4 and 5
- A. saintpaulensis
  - coarse punctures of the head
  - poorly indicated transverse ridges of the elytra
  - considerably longer sensilla of sternite 6 and 7

#### Punctures of the head

#### A. saintpaulensis

#### A. saintgeorgensis



Coarser?

Finer?

Wavy elytra

#### A. saintpaulensis

#### A. saintgeorgensis



poorly indicated transverse ridges?

4 flat transverse ridges?

#### A. saintgeorgensis

### Holotype

#### Paratype



## Zerche's diagnostics for two Pribilof speciesA. saintpaulensisA. saintgeorgensis



#### Saint Paul Island



#### **Saint Paul Island**



## Saint George Island



## **Preliminary Conclusions**

- To our surprise, the Pribilof test case appears to fail to meet our expectations of providing two clearly different species to compare
- Zerche's morphological diagnostics for two Pribilof species not corroborated
- DNA data also fail to corroborate two island endemic species
  - If clades (groups) = species then at least one is on both islands

## **Preliminary Conclusions**

- A. saintgeorgensis and A. saintpaulensis are probably not "good" species
- 2, maybe 3, species in the whole dataset
- Work in progress
  - morphometrics
  - sequence another gene
  - Population genetics statistics



Literature Cited

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